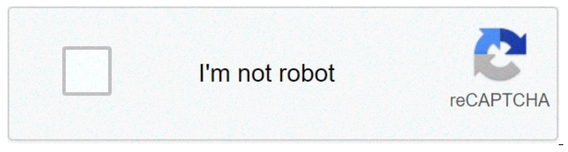

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Doctor reviewed from drug.com. Last updated on June 23, 2021.Generic Name: Oseltamivir Fosphate 30mgdosage Modum: capsule; Suspension powder to administer Tamiflu for the treatment of influenza in patients 2 weeks of age or older [see dosage and administration (2.2)] or for profiles of influenza in patients 1 year old [see dosage and administration (2 , 3)] Use: Tamiflu capsules or Tamiflu for oral suspension (provided as a dust). This is the preferred formulation (6 mg per ml) for patients who cannot swallow capsules. Before use, the Tamiflu dust supplied must consist of water from the pharmacist to produce oral suspension [see dosage and administration (2.5)]. The capsules and oral suspension can be taken with or without food; However, tolerability can be improved if Tamiflu is hired with food. Adjust the Tamiflu dosage in patients with moderate or severe renal impairment [see dosage and administration (2.4)]. For patients who can't swallow capsules, Tamiflu for oral suspension is the preferred formulation. When Tamiflu for oral suspension is not available from the wholesaler or producer, Tamiflu capsules can be opened and mixed with sugary liquids like regular chocolate syrup or on sugar, corn syrup, caramel topping, or light cane sugar (dissolved in water). During emergency situations and when neither the oral suspension or the appropriate strengths of the Tamiflu capsules to mix with sugary liquids are available, so a pharmacist can prepare an emergency supply of oral suspension from Tamiflu 75 mg capsules [see dosage and administration (2.6)]. Start treatment with Tamiflu within 48 hours of the onset of influenza symptoms. Adults and adolescents (13 years of age and elderly) the recommended oral dosage of Tamiflu for the treatment of influenza in adults and adolescents of 13 years of age is 75 mg twice a day (a 75 mg tablet capsule or 12 , 5 ml of oral suspension twice a day) for 5 days. Pediatric patients (2 weeks of age aged between 12 years) Table 1 displays the recommended Oral dosage of Tamiflu for the treatment of influenza in pediatric patients 2 weeks of age up to 12 years and provides information on the prescription of the capsule or of the Formulation for oral suspension. Start the post-exposure prophylaxis with Tamiflu within 48 hours after close contact with an infected individual. Start seasonal prophylaxis with Tamiflu during a community epidemic. Adults and adolescents (13 years old and elderly) The recommended dosage of Tamiflu for influenza prophylaxis in adults and adolescents 13 years and over 75 mg orally once a day (a 75 mg or 12.5 ml capsule of oral suspension once per day) For at least 10 days after close contact with an infected individual and up to 6 weeks during a outbreak of the community. In immunocompromised patients, Tamiflu can be continued for a maximum of 12 weeks [see use in specific populations (8.9)]. The duration of the protection lasts until the Tamiflu dosage continued. Pediatric patients (1 year at 12 years of age) Table 1 shows the recommended oral dose of Tamiflu for the prophylaxis of influenza in pediatric patients 1 year at 12 years of age based on body weight and provides information on the prescription of the capsule or The oral formulation suspension. Prophylaxis in pediatric patients is recommended for 10 days after close contact with an infected individual and up to 6 weeks during a outbreak of the community [see use in specific populations (8.4) and clinical studies (14.2)]. Table 1 Tamiflu dosage recommendations in pediatric patients for treatment and treatment prophylaxis treatment with Influence for 5 days Prophylaxis dosage for 10 days * Volume of oral suspension (6 mg / ml) for each dose - Number of oral suspension bottles to deliver the capsules suspension number to dispense (force) Ã ¢ â,¬ Â¡i patients from 2 weeks to less than 1 year of age any weight 3 mg / kg twice a day not applicable 0.5 ml / kg§ 1 bottle not applicable patients from 1 to 12 12 Age based on body weight of 15 kg or less 30 mg twice daily 30 mg once daily 5 ml 1 bottle of 10 capsules (30 mg) 15.1 kg to 23 kg 45 mg twice daily 45 mg once day 7.5 mL 2 bottles of 10 capsules (45 mg) 23.1 kg to 40 kg 60 mg twice daily 60 mg once daily 10 mL 2 bottles of 20 capsules (30 mg) 40.1 kg or more 75 mg twice daily 75 mg once per day table 2 12.5 ml 3 bottles of 10 capsules (75 mg) shows the dosing recommendations for the treatment and prophylaxis of influenza in adults with various stages of renal impairment (creatinine clearance creatinine less than or equal to 90 ml per minute). Dosing modifications are recommended in adult patients with a creatinine clearance less than or equal to 60 ml per minute [see Use in Specific Population (8.6) and Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)]. Table 2 Changes recommended dosage for the treatment and prophylaxis of influenza in adults with renal impairment or End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) on dialysis renal insufficiency (creatinine clearance) Recommended Treatment Regime * Recommended Prophylaxis Regimen * A mild (> 60- 90 ml / min) 75 mg twice daily for 5 days 75 mg once daily moderate (> 30-60 ml / min) 30 mg twice daily for 5 days at 30 mg once a day severe (> 10 -30 ml / min) 30 mg once daily for 5 days 30 mg every other day ESRD patients on hemodialysis (Ã ¢ ¤ 10 mL / minute) 30 mg immediately and then 30 mg after each hemodialysis cycle (duration of treatment not exceeding 5 days) 30 mg and then 30 mg immediately after alternating cycles ESRD hemodialysis patients on continuous ambulatory peritoneal DialysisÃ ¢ Â¡ (a Â¤10 ml / minute) a single 30 mg dose administered immediately immediately 30 mg and then 30 mg once a week ana with ESRD patients not on dialysis is not recommended Tamiflu Tamiflu is not recommended prior to dispensing to the patien t, constitutes TAMIFLU for oral suspension (supplied as a powder): a) Press the closed bottle containing the Tamiflu white powder several times provided for loosen the powder. b) Measure 55 ml of water in a graduated cylinder. c) Add the total amount of water for constitution to the bottle. d) Close bottle with a child resistant cap and shake the closed bottle for 15 seconds. e) Label the bottle with instructions to "shake well before use." f) The constituted oral suspension contains 360 mg of oseltamivir â â basis for 60 mL of availability (6 mg per mL) and is white, all-Fruttia flavored). Use the oral suspension formed within 17 days of preparation when stored in the refrigerator, Âº 2A to 8A ºC (36A to 46A Âº ÂºF), or within 10 days when stored at controlled room temperature, 25a ºC (77A ÂºF). Write the date of expiry of the constituted oral suspension on the bottle label. g) Ensuring patients have an oral dosing dispenser that measure the appropriate volume in milliliters. advise patients on how to use the oral administration doser and correctly measure the oral suspension as prescribed (see Tables 1 and 2). The following guidelines are provided for use only in emergency situations and when FDA-approved, commercially produced Tamiflu for oral suspension is not available from wholesalers or producer. The following emergency preparedness instructions will provide one patient with enough Tamiflu for a 5-day course of treatment of influenza or a 10-day course of prophylaxis: Step # 1: Determine the dose of Tamiflu for the patient [see Dosage and administration (2.2, 2.3 and 2.4)] and then determine the total volume of the oral suspension must be prepared (see Table 3). Table 3 Emergency Preparation: Volume oral suspension prepared (6 mg per mL) of TAMIFLU TAMIFLU Dose Dose * Total Volume For patient 15 mg or less 37.5 ml 30 mg 75 ml 45 mg 100 ml 60 mg 125 ml 75 mg 150 ml step # 2: The preparation must be performed with only one of the following vehicles (other vehicles have not been studied): Cherry Syrup (HumcoÃ‚Â®), SWEETÃ‚Â® SF (sugar-free) (Paddock Laboratories), or simple syrup. Determine the number of capsules and the quantity of And vehicle needed to prepare the total volume (see table 3) of prepared oral suspension (6 mg per ml) for a complete treatment or prophylaxis course (see Table 4). Table 4 Emergency Preparation: Tamiflu number 75 mg Capsules and quantities of water and vehicle needed to prepare the total volume of a preparation oral suspension (6 mg per ml) Total volume of prepared oral suspension 37.5 ml 75 ml 100 ml 125 ml 150 ml Number of Tamiflu 75 mg capsules (total strength) * 3 (225 mg) 6 (450 mg) 8 (600 mg) 10 (750 mg) 12 (900 mg) Quantity of water 2.5 ml 5 ml 7 ml 8 ML 10 ml Volume of vehicles Cherry Silup (HumcoÃ‚Â®) NO-SWEETÃ‚Â® SF (Paddock Laboratories) or Syrup simple 34.5 ml 69 ml 91 ml 115 ml 137 ml step # 3: Follow the instructions given by Following for the preparation of the 75 mg Tamiflu capsules to produce the oral suspension (6 mg per ml): Enter the specified quantity of water in a polyethylene-reflective (PET) or a glass bottle (see Table 4). Constitution in other types of bottles is not recommended because there are no stability data with other types of bottles. Accurately separate the body of the capsule and pour the contents of the number of Tamiflu 75 mg capsules required in PET or glass bottle. Gently shake the suspension to ensure adequate tamiflu powder wetting for at least 2 minutes. Slowly add the specified quantity of vehicle to the bottle. Close the bottle with a child-proof plug and shake well for 30 seconds to completely dissolve the active drug and to guarantee a homogeneous distribution of the dissolved drug in the resulting suspension. The active drug, Oseltamivir phosphate, promptly dissolved in the specified vehicles. The suspension is caused by inert ingredients of tamiflu capsules insoluble in these vehicles. Put an auxiliary label on the bottle that indicates "shake well before use". Instruct the parent or caregiver that any unused suspension that remains in the bottle after completion of therapy must be eliminated with the affixing or auxiliary label to the bottle or adding a statement to the pharmacy label instructions. Put a pharmacy label on the bottle that includes the patient's name, dosage instructions, drug name and any other information needed to be in compliance with all state and federal pharmacy regulations. Place an appropriate expiration date on the label based on the storage conditions below. Include the recommended dosage in pharmacy label according to tables 1 and 2 [see dosage and administration (2.2, 2.3, and 2.4)]. Keep the oral suspension prepared in glass or PET or: in a refrigerator [2â, Â ° and 8a Â ° C (36a Â ° to 46a Â ° F)]: Stable for 5 weeks if stored in the refrigerator. At room temperature [25 Â ° C (77a Â ° F)]: Stable for 5 days if stored at room temperature. 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