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## Ar er ir verbs worksheet in spanish pdf

The Spanish Speaking World Basic Conversations - Greetings, Goodbyes, Basic Questions, etc. Worksheet: El calendario notes for the power point Power Point: El calendario Days, Months, Seasons and other calendar stuff Flachcards Spanish Days of the week chant Video lesson: Tontito Frito - Days of the weekDays of the week Handout: Days notes from Studyspanish.comWorksheet: Days Practice quiz from Studyspanish.comWorksheet: Hoy, Mañana, Ayer Spanish Months set to Macarena songVideo lesson: Tonitito Frito- Months and datesWorksheet: Calendar Crossword Handout: Months, Seasons, and Dates NotesWorksheet: Months seasons, dates, practice quiz Days, Months, Seasons and other calendar stuff FlachcardsCommunicative activity 3 - BirthdaysWorksheet: Septiembre Practicing dates Game: Holiday Dates Hangman Worksheet: Holidays in Hispanic Countries Worksheet: seasons matching ReviewWorksheet: Essential questions and answerscomplete vocab list flashcards Game:GREETINGS REVIEW \*Who wants to be a millionaire\*Game: Battleship Chapter 1 - Un amigo o Una amiga OverviewChapter 1 (pg 12 - 41) Un amigo o Una amigaVocabulary (pg 14-21, 41) Interrogatives,Physical and personality characteristics, Some nationalitiesGrammar(pg 22- 27): Articles - el, la, un, una, Adjectives (singular), Subject pronouns (singular), Ser conjugations (singular)Pronunciation (pg 29) Vowels a,o,uCultura (pg 30-33): Don quijote, Simón BolívarConnections(pg 34-35): Social studies: GeographyOther: CognatesTextbook / workbook/ audio workbookonline interactive student edition Audio activitiesTo complete these activities you will need:audio workbook pagespencilSpeakers/ earphones ♦ VocabularyWorksheet: CognatesVocab sheetVocab Magic SquaresWorksheet: Word searchVocabularyFlash Cards big stackBuen Viaje 1.1 Grammar: Gender and ArticlesVideo lesson: Tontitito Frito - nouns, definite articles & class vocabVideo lesson: Tontitito Frito - nouns, indefinite articles & class vocabPowerPoint: Definite and Indefinite articles notes and PracticeHandout: Gender and Articles NotesHandout: Nouns and genderWorksheet:genderHandout: Articles infoWorksheet: Articles Worksheet: BV1 Ch1 ArticlesWorksheet: Practice with articlesWorksheet:PyramidDefinite and Indefinite Articles Grammar: Adjectivesvideo Lesson: Spanish adjectives from BV1 Ch1Handout: Adjectives notesWorksheet: Practice with adjectivesGrammar: Subject PronounsVideo lesson: Tontitito Frito - Personal PronounsPowerPoint Subject Pronouns PPT Subject Pronouns FlashcardsHandout: Subject Pronoun NotesWorksheet: Subj. Pronouns. Spanish to EnglishWorksheet: Subject Pronouns English to Spanish Grammar: The verb "Ser" Introduction and Conjugations Video lesson: Ser conjugations and usesSer cheer videoPowerPoint: Subject pronoun practice with ser Ser conjugations flashcardsser and subjects matchingHandout: Ser NotesWorksheet: Ser conjugations practice Grammar: Using "Ser" Video lesson: Tontitito Frito - ¿Cómo eres? & describing personality Video lesson: Tontitito Frito - ¿Cómo eres? & describing personality part 2 Communicative Activity: ¿Cómo eres? Communicative activity: ¿De dónde eres? Powerpoint: Ser practice (singular forms)Worksheet: Ser Worksheet: Ser worksheet Ser paragraph completion Pronunciation (pg 29) Vowels a,o,uPronunciation Practice: Vowel APronunciation Practice: Vowel OPronunciation Practice: Vowel U ReviewWorksheet: Review - Putting it all togetherProject: Eres una estrellaStar for the project Review 1Review 2Essential questions ch0-ch1 English to SpanishEssential questions ch0-ch1 matching Game: Essential questions BattleshipCh 1 Pre-test Chapter 2 Alumnos y cursos OverviewChapter 2 Alumnos y cursos (pg 42 - 73)Vocabulary (pg 44- 51, 73) School subjects, Describing teachers and courses, More Nationalities, More Interrogatives Grammar (pg 52-59) Plural nouns, articles, and adjectives, Plural forms of ser, TimePronunciación (pg 61) Vowels e, iCulture (pg 62-65): Spanish in the US... San Antonio, CoyoacánConnections: Social studies: Sociology - Ethnic groups in Latin AmericaOther: HayTextbook / workbook/ audio workbookonline interactive student edition Worksheet: Vocab listWorksheet: Vocab Magic squaresWorksheet: Vocab Magic squares 2 Flashcards Master stackGame: ch 2 vocab jumbled wordsGrammar: Hay, plurals of nouns, articles, adjectives, and SerHandout: "Hay" NotesVideo lesson: How to make words plural PowerPoint with audio: Plurals and sentences Handout: Adjectivesworksheet: Plural AdjectivesWorksheet: Plural subject pronouns Powerpoint: Practice with ser in all formsWorksheet: Making them Plural Grammar: Telling TimePROJECT: Make a clock Video lesson: Tontitito Frito - Numbers 0-100 numbers 1-100 Number patterns 1- 100 battleshipVideo: Tontitofrito teaches time - part 1 - What time is it?Video: Tontitofrito teaches time - part 2 - using menosVideo lesson: Tontitito Frito -Telling time (part 3)Powerpoint: Time practiceHandout: Telling time notes Handout: More Time InfoWorksheet: Que hora esWorksheet: It's time to practice Worksheet: Extra practice using menosCommunicative activity: TimeVideo: Tontitofrito teaches time - part 4 - At what time? Video: Roxana students singing "Señor Reloj"Handout: Señor Reloj lyricsWorksheet: Maria's Schedule Pronunciation: Vowels E, IPronunciation Practice: Vowel EPronunciation Practice: Vowel I ReviewWorksheet: Chapter 2 TranslationsRead and discuss: Una carta de RaulBuen Viaje 1 - ch2 Vocab - Master stack flashcards Ser/ PronounsThe verb SER (English>Spanish)el verbo "ser" TimeTelling TimeTelling TimeTime Textbook Practice Test Chapter 3 Las compras para la escuela OverviewChapter 3 Las compras para la escuela (pg 74 - 101)Vocabulary (pg 76-83,101) School supplies, Clothing, Colors, Shopping words and verbs,Numbers 100 - 1000Grammar (84-87) AR verbs, Tú vs. UstedPronunciation (pg 89) Consonants L,F,P,M,NCulture (pg 90-91) Un alumno madrileño, Indigenous clothing, Oscar de la RentaConnections (pg 94-95) Technology: computers and the internet Other: types of storesTextbook / workbook/ audio workbookonline interactive student edition User Name:BUETVL105 Password:NepH4re VocabularyWorksheet: Vocab listWorksheet: Vocab Magic squaresWorksheet: Vocab Magic squares 2vocab master list + technologyCapítulo 3 días 1-2Capítulo 3 días 3-4 video lesson:LA ROPA - CLOTHING Video lesson: Spanish Numbers 100+Handout: Numbers (you may already have this)Worksheet: Larger numbers Video lesson:ColorsSong and Lyrics: De coloresHandout: The other color song Lyrics Song: juanes - la camisa negraHandout: La camisa negra lyrics Grammar: Ar verbsWorksheet: Tú and Usted Rapping "Shake ya -ar verbs" Handout:Lyrics to "Shake ya -ar verbs" Video/song: Sr. Mara - Bringin' Conjugations Back Video lesson Tontitofrito teaches Present Tense - AR verbs: yo form Tontitofrito teaches Present Tense - AR verbs: tú form Tontitofrito teaches Present Tense - AR verbs: él/ella/usted Tontitofrito teaches Present Tense - AR verbs: nosotros Tontitofrito teaches Present - AR verbs: ellos, ellas, uds Tontitofrito teaches Present Tense - AR verbs: all formsHandout: conjugating ar verbs notesworksheet: ar verbs in tense powerpoint: singular -ar verbs practicePowerpoint: singular -ar verbs practice2Worksheet: Ar verbs table 1 Worksheet: Ar verbs table 2Worksheet: Ar verbs worksheet 2Worksheet: Ar verbs worksheet 3 Worksheet: Dice game AR verbs (E>S) -ARverbs Questions & Answers More -AR verbs (E>S)AR Verbs in Present/SingularConjugating -AR Verbs in Present/Singular PowerPoint: Forming Questions Ar verbs go! Pronunciation: Consonants L,F,P,M,NPronunciation Practice: Consonant LPronunciation Practice: Consonant FPronunciation Practice: Consonant MPronunciation Practice: Consonant N Project/ReviewPROJECT: Shopping VideoProject checklistChapter 3 Practice Test (text book site) Chapter 4 - En la EscuelaOverviewChapter 4 En la escuela (pg 102 - 133)vocabulary (pg 104 - 111,133) Getting to school, Class activities, Discussing Spanish club, Interrogatives, Numbers 1000 - 2,000,ADGrammar (pg 112-119): -ar verbs (plural forms), Ir, dar, and estar, Contractions al and delPronunciation (pg 121) Consonant: TCulture: (pg 122 - 125) Schools in the Hispanic world, University lectures, Santo Domingo, Gabriela MistralConnections (126- 127) Natural Sciences: biology Other: Fine arts connections: Diego Rivera (102), Pablo Picasso (111)FLASH CARDS! 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Tontitofrito teaches IR (part 3) Ir + a + infinitive PowerPoint: Ir (notes and practice)PowerPoint: Ir PracticeWorksheet: IR pdfHandout: Ir rap LyricsCommunicative Activity ¿Qué vas a hacer? Communicative Activity ¿Adóndevas?Worksheet: Ir + a + infinitive soupWorksheet: Ir + a + infinitive translationsTontitofrito teaches Estar + emotionsWorksheet: Estar pdfWorksheet: Dar pdfWorksheet: Irregular verbs Practice quiz 1- Ir / Dar / Estar - Present tensePractice quiz 2- Ir / Dar / Estar - Present tensePracticequiz 3- Ir / Dar / Estar - Present tensePracticequiz - Ir or Estar Practicequiz -1Ch4VerbPop-upsPracticequiz -1Ch4 Verb practice Grammar: Contractions al and delHandout: Contractions notesPowerpoint: Contractions PracticeWorksheet: Contractions 1Ch4 del, al, sentence practice Pronunciation: Consonant TPronunciation practice: Consonant T ReviewTextbook website: Chapter 4 GameTextbook website: Chapter 4 practice test We use the preterite to talk about past events and facts that happened at a specific point in time. In order to form the preterite we need to remember certain rules. Let's start first with the preterite regular verbs. Regular verbs have three different endings in the infinitive form, so by applying this rule you can conjugate them all. Then we have the irregular preterite verbs. The changes in these verbs always follow a clear pattern and so you will need to memorize many of them. Preterite Regular Verbs - Verbos Regulares hablarcomerir yohabícomiviví tñhablastecomistevivísté Ud., él, ella,hablócomióvivió nosotros(as)hablastecomimosvivimosvosotros(as)hablastecomistevivistéis Ud., ellos, ellas,hablaroncomieronvivieron As you can see, the verbs ending in -er or -ir share the same set of endings, whereas the verbs ending in -ar have a set of endings, whereas the verbs ending in -er or -ir share the same set of endings. The letters that are not coloured, are the letters that do not change in regular verbs. Look at these examples of conjugation: Pedro habló (hablar) con María por teléfono ayer. Pedro spoke to María on the phone yesterday. Ellos comieron (comer) mucho anoche Note: In the preterite, the nosotros form of -ar verbs looks the same as in the present. The context will help you understand if a text or speech refers to the present or the past. Grammar Exercises - Preterite Interactive Grammar Exercise Complete the following sentences with the Preterite of the regular verbs given in brackets. Note: Try to use the correct written accents if you can e.g.: á, é, í, ó, ú, ñ, ü. (Install "Spanish Characters" from the Chrome Web Store for easy use of accents) If you don't know the correct answer, type '?' to reveal it. TRY A FREE TRIAL CLASS! Click below to register for a free class with no obligation - no credit card needed. Prices as low as just \$11 per hour for your first purchase of lessons! CLICK FOR YOUR FREE TRIAL CLASS! Textbook and Workbook: Go to: Google Classroom and use information provided to access your online textbook Interviews Verb Charts 20 Questions Game Quién Soy Poster Directions Friend Descriptions "Me Gusta" Activity "Me Gusta" Song Lyrics Personal Description Activity Practice Interviewing Questions Weather Notes Sheet [Word .doc | PDF] Weather Poster Project [Word .doc | PDF] -AR verbs practice worksheet Place Brochure Writing Group 1 Writing Group 2 Writing Group 3 Blank Schedule Blank Schedule Sentences School Subjects List Writing Practice Costa Rica Reading Texter, Necesitar Practice Venir, Ir Practice Chapter 3 Practice Worksheet AR, ER, IR Verb Practice Family Tree Assignment Family Interview Irregulars Practice Exercises Adjectives Practice Ser, Estar Practice Please send comments or report errors by clicking here. © 1997-2021 Study Languages, LLC. All Rights Reserved. All of the following sentences have two things in common. See if you can spot 'em. "Can you help me, please?" "How much does this cost?" "Repeat that, please." "I want to go home!" First, they are all very useful phrases that frequently come up in casual conversation. And second, they would all be impossible to say in Spanish without the use of stem-changing verbs! Not quite regular but also not irregular, stem-changing verbs show up all the time in Spanish. They can be frustrating to memorize, but learning them can make all the difference in your spoken and written Spanish. What Are Stem-changing Verbs? Spanish infinitive verbs consist of two parts: a stem and an ending. For example, the regular verb hablar (to speak) consists of the stem habl- and the ending -ar. To conjugate hablar in the present tense, simply take the stem and add the correct ending (o, a, as, amos, ais, an). Stem-changing verbs do not follow this pattern. As you may have guessed, the stems of these verbs undergo a change when conjugated. There are three basic types of stem-changing verbs. 1. e-ie stem-changing verbs: verbs in which an e in the stem changes to an ie. 2. e-i stem-changing verbs: verbs in which an e in the stem changes to an i. 3. o-u stem-changing verbs: verbs in which an o in the stem changes to a ue. Why Are Some Verbs Stem-changing? Good question! Unfortunately, there is no rhyme or reason as to why some verbs are stem-changing and others aren't. You just have to memorize them. As you continue speaking, listening and practicing, stem-changing verbs will become second nature. One trick to increase your memory for stem-changing verbs is to pay attention to prefixes. If a verb is stem-changing, any form of that verb with a prefix will also be stem-changing. Therefore, if you learn the stem change for tener (to have), you will also have learned the stem changes for the related verbs mantener (to maintain), entretener (to entertain), contener (to contain) and obtener (to obtain). If you know the stem change for decir (to say), you also know the stem changes for contradecir (to contradict), predecir (to predict) and bendecir (to bless). How Are Stem-changing Verbs Conjugated? Stem changes affect verbs in three cases: the present simple, the past simple and the present continuous. In the other verb tenses, you don't even need to worry about stem changes. As you might notice from the information below, memorizing Spanish verbs can be tricky for a variety of reasons. For more help with these pesky irregulars, use these audio lessons and accompanying quizzes about stem-changing verbs from FluentU to really drive the concept home. And if you find this helpful, you will love FluentU's other learning options! FluentU makes learning grammar, vocabulary and authentic Spanish as easy possible by showing the language in action. FluentU takes real-world videos—like music videos, movie trailers, news and inspiring talks—and turns them into personalized language learning lessons. Other sites use scripted content. FluentU uses a natural approach that helps you ease into the Spanish language and culture over time. You'll learn Spanish as it's actually spoken by real people. FluentU has a wide variety of video topics, as you can see here: FluentU brings native videos within reach with interactive transcripts. You can tap on any word to look it up instantly. Every definition has examples that have been written to help you understand how the word is used. Plus, if you see an interesting word you don't know, you can add it to a vocab list. Review a complete interactive transcript under the Dialogue tab, and find words and phrases listed under Vocab. Learn all the vocabulary in any video with FluentU's robust learning engine. Swipe left or right to see more examples of the word you're on. The best part is that FluentU keeps track of the vocabulary that you're learning, and gives you extra practice with difficult words. It'll even remind you when it's time to review what you've learned. Every learner has a truly personalized experience, even if they're studying with the same video. Start using FluentU on the website with your computer or tablet or, better yet, download the iOS or Android FluentU app. Ready to dive in? Here is all you need to know about conjugating stem-changing verbs! The Present Simple Like all other verbs in Spanish, stem-changing verbs are conjugated by removing the -ar, -er or -ir ending from an infinitive and adding the appropriate ending. In the case of stem-changing verbs, there is just one intermediate step: You must also make the appropriate change to the stem. In the present simple, the stem change applies to all forms of the verb except for the nosotros and vosotros forms. For nosotros and vosotros, keep the stem the same and treat it as you would any regular verb. Let's look at the e-ie verb empezar (to begin), the e-i verb repetir (to repeat) and the o-u verb poder (to be able to). Empezar (e-ie) Repetir (e-i) Poder (o-u) Yo Empiezo Repito Puedo Tú Empiezas Repites Puedes Él/Ella/ Usted Empieza Repite Puede Nosotros Empezamos Repetimos Podemos Vosotros Empezáis Repetís Podéis Ellos/Ellas/Ustedes Empezan Repiten Pueden The Past Simple In the past simple, only -ir verbs are stem-changing, and only in two persons: the él/ella/usted form and the ellos/ellas/ustedes form. In the past simple, the stem changes are also different than in the present simple. For e-i stem-changing verbs, change the e to an i (like in the present tense). For e-ie stem-changing verbs, change the e to a u. Let's look at a chart using the e-i verb sentir (to ask), the e-ie verb sentir and the o-u verb dormir (to sleep). Pedir (e-i) Sentir (e-ie) Dormir (o-u) Yo Pedit Sentí Dormí Tú Pediste Sentiste Dormiste Él/Ella/ Usted Pidió Sintió Durmío Nosotros Pedimos Sentimos Dormimos Vosotros Pedisteis Sentisteis Dormisteis Ellos/Ellas/Ustedes Pidieron Sintieron Durmieron The Present Continuous To review, the present continuous tense is composed of two parts: a conjugation of the verb estar (to be) and a gerund. English gerunds are verbs that end in -ing. In Spanish, they end in -ando or -iendo. Only gerunds for -ir verbs undergo a stem change. The stem changes are the same as the past simple. Therefore, For e-i stem-changing verbs, change the e to an i. The verb pedir becomes pidiendo. For e-ie stem-changing verbs, change the e to a u. The verb dormir becomes durmiendo. e-ie 1. Empezar Meaning: To begin. Hoy empiezo mi nuevo trabajo. (Today I begin my new job.) Tip: Remember that the z sound in Spanish does not sound like an English "z." In Peninsular Spanish, it sounds like the th in "tooth," and in Latin American Spanish, it sounds like the "s" in "house." 2. Sentirse Meaning: To feel (an emotion) Se sienten muy felices porque han ganado el partido. (They feel very happy because they have won the game.) Tip: Me siento means "I feel," but it also means "I sit down"—from the verb sentarse, which is also stem-changing! 3. Querer Meaning: To want ¿Quieres ir al cine? (Do you want to go to the movies?) Tip: Use tu quiero to express love to a romantic partner or a very close friend. 4. Pensar Meaning: To think Ella piensa mucho en los demás. (She thinks a lot about others.) Tip: To say "I think that," use the phrase pienso que. Pienso que voy a llegar sobre las 8. (I think that I am going to arrive around 8:00.) 5. Perder Meaning: To lose Ella pierde su móvil muy a menudo. (She loses her phone frequently.) Tip: The reflexive verb perderse means "to get lost." Siempre me pierdo en Lisboa porque las calles son muy estrechas. (I always get lost in Lisbon because the streets are very narrow.) 6. Preferir Meaning: To prefer Me gustan las fresas, pero prefiero las manzanas. (I like strawberries, but I prefer apples.) Tip: When using the verb preferir to describe actions, remember to use the word que and the subjunctive mood. Prefiero que no vayas al concierto con él. (I prefer that you don't go to the concert with him.) 7. Tener Meaning: To have ¿Tienes un bolígrafo? (Do you have a pen?) Tip: Tener que means "to have to (do something)." Tienen que ir al gimnasio mañana. (They have to go to the gym tomorrow.) o-ue 8. Poder Meaning: To be able to Ellos no pueden venir porque tienen que trabajar. (They can't come because they have to work.) Tip: You can also use the verb poder to politely ask somebody to do something. ¿Puedes cerrar la puerta, por favor? (Can you close the door, please?) 9. Soler Meaning: To tend to do something, to do something habitually. Él suele llegar tarde. (He tends to arrive late.) Tip: When using soler with another verb, remember that the second verb must always be in the infinitive. 10. Volver Meaning: To return ¿Volvés a los Estados Unidos después de tu viaje? (Do you return to the United States after your trip?) Tip: Volver is used to describe a person's return. To talk about returning an object—for example, a library book—use the verb devolver (also stem-changing!). 11. Mover Meaning: To move Mueve los brazos cuando camina. (He moves his arms when he walks.) Tip: To translate the English word "move" as "to move to a new home," use the reflexive verb mudarse instead of mover. 12. Dormir Meaning: To sleep Cada noche duermo 8 horas. (Every night, I sleep 8 hours.) Tip: The reflexive verb dormirse means "to fall asleep." Se durmió a las 10 de la noche. (She fell asleep at 10:00 PM.) 13. Costar Meaning: To cost La camisa cuesta diez dólares. (The shirt costs ten dollars.) Tip: Costar can also be used to describe something that you find difficult. Me cuesta entenderla porque habla muy rápido. (It's hard for me to understand her because she speaks very quickly.) e-i 14. Pedir Meaning: To ask, to request, to order. Cada vez que voy a ese restaurante, pido la sopa de pollo. (Every time I go to that restaurant, I order the chicken soup.) Tip: Pedir means "to ask (for something)." Preguntar means "to ask (a question)." 15. Seguir Meaning: To follow, to continue Mis gatos siempre me siguen. (My cats always follow me around.) Le duele la pierna, pero sigue jugando al fútbol. (Her leg hurts, but she continues to play football.) Tip: Like the English verb "to follow," you can use the verb seguir to mean "to understand." ¿De qué hablas? No te sigo. (What are you talking about? I'm not following you.) 16. Repetir Meaning: To repeat La chica repite lo que dice su hermano. (The girl repeats what her brother says.) Tip: The verb repetir also means "to have second helpings (of a food or drink)." This is very useful to know when having a meal at the home of a Spanish-speaking family! 17. Decir Meaning: To say Ella dice que a su padre no le gusta la película. (She says that her father doesn't like the movie.) Tip: Decir is an irregular verb beyond also being stem-changing! The present-tense yo form of decir is digo. 18. Sonreír Meaning: To smile. Sonrió cuando te veo. (I smile when I see you.) Tip: Sonreír resembles the verb reír (to laugh). Reír is also a stem-changing verb, and it follows the same conjugation pattern as sonreír. With stem-changing verbs, you'll be able to speak about your thoughts, your abilities, your preferences, your wants and the things that make you smile. Clearly, this is a very useful class of verbs, so pull out those flashcards and start memorizing! If you liked this post, something tells me that you'll love FluentU, the best way to learn Spanish with real-world videos. 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